





EASME

Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises

THE LIFE PROGRAMME 2014-2020

Sarunas Zableckis Project Adviser/EASME

LIFE Info Day Hungary, June 8, 2017





AGENDA

- LIFE objectives general features and 25 years
- Priorities and strands
- Who is who in the program
- Highlights for the 2017 call for proposals
- Close to market activities
- Some features of a successful proposal





LIFE'S OVERALL OBJECTIVE



To contribute to:
the implementation,
update and development of
the EU environmental and
climate policy and legislation





L'Instrument Financier pour l'Environnement











LIFE Nature & Biodiversity:

- €3.4 billion in species and habitat protection.
- World's largest network of protected areas.
- Over 400 protected species and 200 rare habitats.
- Iberian lynx, Azores bullfinch and Sicilian fir.
- 7000 Natura 2000 network sites.
- €43 billion in ecosystem services.

LIFE Environment:

- **€4.8 billion** invested in over **2400 projects**.
- More than 1000 projects on water, air and soil.
- €1 billion in preventing, reusing and recycling waste.
- €100 million invested in circular economy.

LIFE Climate Action:

- €1.1 billion invested in climate action.
- Over **220 projects** mitigating climate change.
- Over 100 projects adapting to climate change.













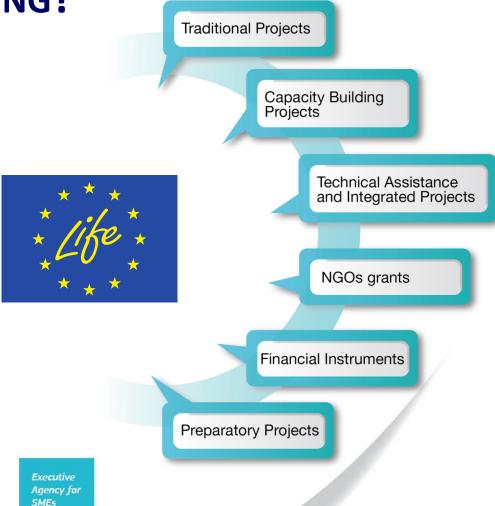
LIFE 2014-2020 — OBJECTIVES

- Resource-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy; protecting and improving the environment; maintaining and improving biodiversity, ecosystems and Natura 2000 network
- Contribution to Union environmental and climate policy and legislation
- Integrating and mainstreaming of environmental and climate objectives into other policies
- Improving environmental and climate governance



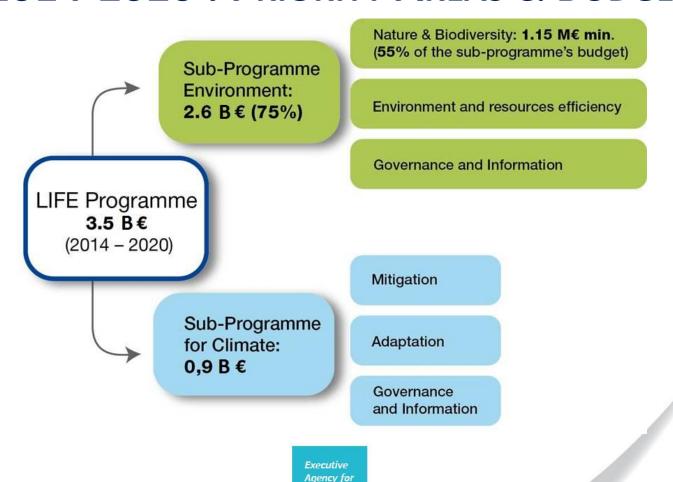


WHAT IS LIFE FINANCING?





LIFE 2014-2020: PRIORITY AREAS & BUDGET



SMEs



LIFE - GENERAL FEATURES

- Applicants all legal persons registered in the EU
- Emphasis on replicability/transferability, long-term sustainability, and an EU added value
- ❖Not focused on research (⇔ H2020)
- ❖No large infrastructure; not focused on rural or regional development (⇔ agricultural, structural funds)
- Support and monitoring: from Contracting Authority (EASME or European Commission) and external monitoring team





WHO DOES WHAT IN LIFE? **EU** policy **Directorates** Evaluation **EASME** Revision Monitoring Policy feedback Executive Agency for SMEs



THE "TRADITIONAL" PROJECTS

For what? Pursuit of general and specific objectives of the 6 priority areas

Sub-programme for environment: additional focus on thematic priorities and on project topics

Average size? 1 to 5 beneficiaries; EU contribution: €500,000 to €1.5 million

Co-funding rate? 60%;

 NAT under specific conditions linked to conservation actions on priority habitat/species: 75%





LIFE 2014-2020 – IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS

- LIFE Web site It contains everything you need: http://ec.europa.eu/environment/life/index.htm
- LIFE Regulation priority areas
- MAWP (Multi-annual work programme 2014-2017) project topics
- Application Packages
- Guides for evaluation
- Specific information, guidelines designed by your National Contact Point









EASME

Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises

HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE LIFE CALL 2017





LIFE 2017 – BUDGET

LIFE Call 2017 opening: 28 April 2017

		<u> </u>	
AREA	CLOSING	BUDGET 17	~ % vs 2016
CLIMATE	07-Sep-17	€ 52.1 Mill.	+10%
ENV-RE	12-Sep-17	€ 83 Mill.	+10%
NAT	14-Sep-17	€ 101.9 Mill.	+5%
GIE	14-Sep-17	€ 16.9 Mill.	-12%
IPE	26-Sep-17	€ 86 Mill.	+ 10%
IPC	26-Sep-17	€ 30 Mill.	+ 53%
TA	07-Sep-17	€ 300k	+47%

Executive Agency for SMEs



LIFE 2014-2017 MAWP

- Stronger emphasis on:
 - Long term sustainability of the project
 - Replicability and transferability
 - EU added value

Impact indicators





LONG TERM SUSTAINABILITY

- Sustainability of project results should be built in the proposal
- Potential to use project results beyond the project life time
- Particularly important for Award Criterion 1 Technical coherence and quality





REPLICABILITY AND TRANSFERABILITY

- Go beyond dissemination of project results and sharing of knowledge
- Include activities and approaches integrated in project actions which aim to facilitate the replication and/or transfer of the project results beyond the project, including in other sectors, regions or countries



EU ADDED VALUE

- Each project should demonstrate EU Added Value in terms of:
 - Quantifiable environmental impact (substantial, ambitious, credible)
 - Multi-purpose, synergies and integration
 - Transnational scope







EASME

Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises

CLOSE TO MARKET PROJECTS





CLOSE TO MARKET (C2M) PROJECTS

- Propose new solutions with environmental and economic benefits
- Ready from technical and business perspective
- Implement solution in close-to-market conditions (i.e.: industrial, commercial scale) during the project
- Foresee pre-commercial activities (market analysis, business plan, etc.)
- Direct solutions towards market
- Knows its competitors and competitive advantages
- Aim for long-term commercialisation of the solutions



WHY C2M PROJECTS?

- LIFE supports C2M projects (without calling them C2M)
- C2M is attractive mainly for ENV and CCM strands
- LIFE contributes to the priorities of EU on Growth and Jobs





WHY C2M PROJECTS? (CONT.)

- C2M approach offer increased sustainability
- one-stop-shop for businesses from innovation, demonstration, upscaling to commercialisation

Is the Focus of LIFE Changing?

- **❖**No but...
 - Emphasis to clarify the C2M approach, and
 - Explicitly reach out to the private sector
- ❖ Non-C2M projects remain a key feature of LIFE



HOW TO PREPARE A GOOD PROPOSAL TIPS AND COMMON PITFALLS





FACT 1: THERE IS SIGNIFICANT COMPETITION FOR LIFE FUNDS

FACT 2: YOU CAN'T GET A GRANT IF YOU DON'T SUBMIT AN APPLICATION

FACT 3: IT TAKES TIME AND MONEY TO PREPARE AN APPLICATION

FACT 4: PROPOSALS THAT FAIL ARE POORLY PREPARED OR SIMPLY NOT AS GOOD AS THE OTHERS; FUNDING IS LIMITED





PROJECT BUDGET

Only costs incurred for actions implemented during project lifetime can be eligible!

- ❖Daily rate based on gross salary + contributions according to the national legislation (social security, pension, etc.)
- ❖ External assistance not more than 35% of the total budget
- ❖Durable goods 100% for NAT projects, for the rest, only depreciation costs can be financed (up to 25% for infrastructure, up to 50% for equipment),
- ❖Prototypes 100% if developed specifically for the LIFE project no commercialisation during the project's life.
- ❖Public tender mandatory for contracts above 130,000 €
- Good value for money has to be demonstrated





THE BASELINE IS INCOMPLETE



- What is the problem you want to address
- What are the challenges in your specific context
- What has been done so far value added of the project
- ❖ Baseline data (surveys, results of tests, etc.) → provide the data source and, when relevant, maps



Unclear link between actions and objectives



- Are the actions appropriate to address the problem identified? Use logical framework
- Clearly present who does what and when
- ❖ Tools/strategies/methodologies → needed for concrete implementation
- Transnational?





SUSTAINABILITY NOT ENSURED



- Technical sustainability should be built in the project ex. scale up pilot, uptake of policy recommendations/tools
- Responsibilities who will do the job afterwards?
 Who will use the tool/ products developed?
- Financial sustainability







EASME

Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

Sarunas Zableckis sarunas.zableckis@ec.europa.eu

Follow the LIFE Programme on ec.europa.eu/life







